

**321J.2A Persons under the age of twenty-one.**

A person who is under the age of twenty-one shall not operate a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration, as defined under [section 321J.1](#), of .02 or more. The driver's license or nonresident operating privilege of a person who is under the age of twenty-one and who operates a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of .02 or more shall be revoked by the department for the period of time specified under [section 321J.12](#). A revocation under [this section](#) shall not preclude a prosecution or conviction under any applicable criminal provisions of [this chapter](#). However, if the person is convicted of a criminal offense under [section 321J.2](#), the revocation imposed under [this section](#) shall be superseded by any revocation imposed as a result of the conviction.

In any proceeding regarding a revocation under [this section](#), evidence of the results of analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood, breath, or urine is admissible upon proof of a proper foundation. The alcohol concentration established by the results of an analysis of a specimen of the defendant's blood, breath, or urine withdrawn within two hours after the defendant was driving or in physical control of a motor vehicle is presumed to be the alcohol concentration at the time of driving or being in physical control of the motor vehicle.

[95 Acts, ch 48, §7; 98 Acts, ch 1073, §9](#)

Referred to in [§321.12](#), [§321.241](#), [§321A.17](#), [§321J.2B](#), [§321J.5](#), [§321J.6](#), [§321J.8](#), [§321J.9](#), [§321J.10A](#), [§321J.12](#), [§321J.13](#), [§321J.15](#), [§321J.16](#), [§321J.20](#), [§321J.25](#), [§321N.3](#)